Site code<sup>1</sup> MM5028

Location Lara (Patullos Road), Lara district, south-west Victoria

**Landform** Undulating rises

Geology Quaternary Newer Volcanics: extrusive tholeiitic to alkaline basalts, minor scoria and

ash

**Element** Flat

## Profile morphology

Horizon	Depth (cm)	Description
A1	0–5	Dark brown (7.5YR3/2); clay loam; strong coarse blocky structure; firm consistence (dry); sharp boundary to:
B21	5–40	Dark brown (7.5YR3/2); heavy clay; strong coarse blocky structure; strong consistence (dry); boundary to:
B22	40–60	Brown (10YR5/3); heavy clay; moderate fine blocky structure; very firm consistence (moderately moist); boundary to:
B23	60+	Greyish brown (2.5Y5/2); medium clay; moderate fine blocky structure; firm consistence (moderately moist); common calcareous soft segregations.

ASC: Vertic (& Calcic), Hypernatric, Black Sodosol

## Analytical data<sup>2</sup>

	,											
S	ite	Sample	рН		EC	NaCl	Ex Ca	Ex Mg	Ex K	Ex Na	Ex Al	Ex
MM	<b>I</b> 5028	depth										acidity
Ho	rizon	cm	H <sub>2</sub> O	CaCl <sub>2</sub>	dS/m	%	cmolc/kg	cmolc/kg	cmolc/kg	cmolc/kg	mg/kg	cmol <sub>c</sub> /kg
A	<b>A</b> 1	0-5	6.9	N/R	0.28	0.05	7	7	1.3	3.9	0	11
В	21	5-40	8.2	N/R	1.01	0.23	10.2	10.2	1.3	14.8	0	0
В	22	40-60	8.8	N/R	1.37	0.29	7.8	7.8	1.4	16.2	N/R	0
В	23	60+	9.2	N/R	1.51	0.32	7.1	7.1	1.4	16.2	N/R	0

Site MM5028	Sample depth	FC (-10kPa)	PWP (-1500kPa)	KS	FS	Z	С	Org C	Bulk density
Horizon	cm	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	t m <sup>-3</sup>
A1	0–5	41.1	27.2	9	24	12	44	3	1.53
B21	5–40	63.9	46.2	4	11	13	68	N/R	1.06
B22	40-60	N/R	N/R	5	15	15	64	N/R	N/R
B23	60+	N/R	N/R	5	14	16	57	N/R	N/R

## Management considerations

This soil exhibits shallow topsoils leading to strong, blocky, cracking clay subsoils. The subsoils are alkaline and highly sodic with calcareous segregations present at depth. These subsoils usually have poor structure and results in dispersion (and subsequent clogging of pores), restricting water and gas movement through the subsoil.

Improvement of soil structure through increased organic matter would be useful, and addition of gypsum where sodic would be beneficial. Bringing this material to the surface is likely to contribute to surface sealing and increase erosion susceptibility.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: Maher JM, Martin JJ 1987 Soils and landforms of south-western Victoria. Department of Agriculture and Rural Affairs. Research Report No. 40.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source: Government of Victoria, State Chemistry Laboratory.